

Industrial Engineering Journal ISSN: 0970-2555

Volume : 52, Issue 8, August : 2023

## ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE INDIAN BANKING SECTOR

A S DURWIN, B. Tech. Computer Science Engineering, III Year, Vel Tech Rangarajan Dr. Sagunthala R & D Institute of Science and Technology, Avadi, Chennai, Tamilnadu, India. E-Mail: durwinas114@gmail.com, Mob: 8778585822

## ABSTRACT

The adoption of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in the Indian banking sector has been on the rise, leading to significant improvements in customer service, fraud detection, risk assessment, and overall operational efficiency. AI-powered chatbots and virtual assistants now provide round-the-clock customer support, while AI algorithms detect and prevent fraudulent activities in real time. Banks also utilize AI tools for credit risk analysis, resulting in better loan approval processes and reduced bad loans. Personalized banking services are made possible through AI-driven customer data analysis, ensuring higher customer satisfaction and retention. Process automation using Robotic Process Automation (RPA) and AI optimizes repetitive tasks, and AI-powered robo-advisors offer investment advice and portfolio management services. Moreover, banks leverage AI for predictive analytics to forecast customer behavior and identify cross-selling opportunities. Natural Language Processing (NLP) is used to analyze unstructured data, such as social media and customer feedback, providing valuable insights into customer sentiments and preferences. The integration of AI technologies has transformed the Indian banking sector, enhancing services and facilitating data-driven decision-making.

Keywords: Artificial Intelligence, Indian banking, System

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Artificial Intelligence, commonly abbreviated as AI, is a branch of computer science that aims to create machines and systems that can perform tasks requiring human intelligence. These tasks include learning, reasoning, problem-solving, perception, understanding natural language, and adapting to new situations. AI seeks to develop computer programs and algorithms capable of mimicking human cognitive abilities, enabling them to analyze data, draw insights, and make decisions autonomously. AI can be broadly classified into two types: Narrow AI (Weak AI) and General AI (Strong AI). Narrow AI refers to systems designed to excel in specific tasks, such as language translation, image recognition, or playing games like chess. General AI, on the other hand, would possess human-like intelligence and be capable of performing any intellectual task that a human can do.

The field of AI has witnessed remarkable advancements in recent years, driven by increased computational power, the availability of vast amounts of data, and breakthroughs in machine learning algorithms. Machine Learning (ML) is a subfield of AI that enables systems to learn from data without being explicitly programmed. It allows AI models to improve their performance through experience and exposure to new data. AI applications can be found in various industries, including finance, healthcare, education, transportation, and entertainment. In the financial sector, AI is used for fraud detection, credit risk assessment, and personalized



ISSN: 0970-2555

Volume : 52, Issue 8, August : 2023

banking services. In healthcare, AI aids in medical image analysis, drug discovery, and patient care. AI-driven chatbots enhance customer support in many businesses, while autonomous vehicles represent a significant development in the transportation industry.

Despite its potential benefits, AI also raises ethical, social, and philosophical questions. Concerns related to job displacement, privacy, bias in algorithms, and the role of AI in decisionmaking processes are being actively discussed by experts and policymakers. As AI continues to evolve, ongoing research and development are essential to unlocking its full potential while ensuring responsible and ethical use. The future of AI promises a world where intelligent systems work in harmony with humans, augmenting human capabilities and transforming industries to create a more efficient and technologically advanced society.

## **OBJECTIVE**

- To study the role of Artificial Intelligence in the Indian Banking Sector and also know its challenges
- To know role of AI in SBI & ICICCI
- To draw findings and provide suggestions based on the study

## **NEED OF THE STUDY**

The study on Artificial Intelligence (AI) in the Indian banking sector is essential as it promises to revolutionize the industry by enhancing customer experiences through AI-powered chatbots and virtual assistants, ensuring efficient fraud detection and risk assessment, providing personalized banking services, optimizing processes with automation, and offering advanced wealth management advice. Embracing AI enables banks to stay competitive in the digital era, reduce costs, and comply with regulations while addressing potential challenges and ethical concerns. Overall, the study contributes to a more efficient, secure, and customer-centric banking ecosystem in India.

#### ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE INDIAN BANKING SECTOR

The adoption of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in the Indian banking sector has been explained below in detail:

**Customer Service and Support:** AI-powered chatbots and virtual assistants have been increasingly deployed by Indian banks to handle customer queries, provide account information, and assist with basic transactions. These AI systems can operate 24/7, providing customers with quick and efficient support.

**Fraud Detection and Prevention:** AI algorithms are employed to detect unusual transactions and patterns that may indicate fraudulent activities. These AI-driven systems help banks in real-time monitoring of transactions and identifying potential security breaches.



ISSN: 0970-2555

Volume : 52, Issue 8, August : 2023

**Risk Assessment:** AI tools are used for credit risk analysis, helping banks to evaluate borrowers' creditworthiness, reducing the chances of bad loans and enhancing the accuracy of loan approval processes.

**Personalized Banking:** AI algorithms analyze customer data to offer personalized product recommendations and services. This enables banks to cater to individual customer needs better, increasing customer satisfaction and retention.

**Process Automation:** Robotic Process Automation (RPA) and AI technologies are adopted to streamline and automate repetitive tasks, such as data entry, compliance checks, and document verification, leading to increased operational efficiency.

Wealth Management: AI-powered robo-advisors are employed by some Indian banks to provide investment advice, asset allocation strategies, and portfolio management services to their customers.

**Predictive Analytics:** Banks leverage AI for predictive analytics to forecast customer behavior, identify potential cross-selling opportunities, and optimize marketing strategies.

**Natural Language Processing (NLP):** Indian banks use NLP to analyze unstructured data from sources like social media and customer feedback, gaining insights into customer sentiments and preferences.

**Regulatory Aspects:** As AI adoption grows in the banking sector, regulators in India, such as the Reserve Bank of India (RBI), are paying close attention to the potential risks and challenges associated with AI. They are also working on developing guidelines and frameworks to ensure the responsible and ethical use of AI in banking operations.



Industrial Engineering Journal ISSN: 0970-2555 Volume : 52, Issue 8, August : 2023

## CHALLENGES

While AI brings numerous benefits to the banking sector. AI adoption in banking faces challenges too, those are robust data security to protect sensitive customer information, compliance with evolving regulations on data usage and AI ethics, addressing the skill gap for AI system development and management, ensuring fairness in AI algorithms to maintain trust, and investing in talent and technology for effective implementation.

- **Data Security and Privacy: The** extensive use of AI in banking involves handling vast amounts of sensitive customer data, requiring robust data security measures to prevent breaches and unauthorized access.
- **Regulation and Compliance:** Compliance with existing and evolving regulations concerning data usage, customer privacy, and AI ethics is a significant challenge that banks must navigate.
- Skill Gap: The implementation of AI technologies demands a skilled workforce capable of developing, managing, and maintaining AI systems.
- **Bias and Fairness:** Ensuring that AI algorithms do not exhibit biased behavior and make fair decisions is crucial to maintain trust and avoid potential discriminatory practices.

#### ROLE OF AI IN SBI & ICICCI

Both the State Bank of India (SBI) and ICICI Bank, being major players in the Indian banking sector, have embraced Artificial Intelligence (AI) to enhance their services and operations. AI plays a significant role in improving customer experiences through the implementation of AIpowered chatbots and virtual assistants, providing prompt and personalized support to customers. These AI systems operate 24/7, ensuring quick responses to queries and accountrelated information. Additionally, both banks employ AI algorithms for fraud detection and prevention, effectively safeguarding their customers' assets and data. AI-driven risk assessment assists in evaluating borrowers' creditworthiness, leading to informed lending decisions and minimizing bad loans. Moreover, AI enables personalized banking services, tailoring product recommendations to individual customer needs, which enhances customer satisfaction and loyalty. The use of Robotic Process Automation (RPA) and AI technologies streamlines operations, automating repetitive tasks and improving overall efficiency. Both banks also explore AI-powered robo-advisors for wealth management, offering investment advice and portfolio management services to customers. Through predictive analytics, they leverage AI to forecast customer behavior, identify market trends, and optimize marketing strategies, positioning themselves at the forefront of technological innovation in the Indian banking landscape.

#### AI in SBI Bank

SBI, India's largest public sector bank with a 45-crore customer range, is embarking on its AI journey from the point of view of both employees and customers. To fuel its AI mission, this year, SBI launched a national hackathon, "Code for Bank", for developers, startups, and students to come up with innovative aides and solutions for the banking sector, focusing on



ISSN: 0970-2555

Volume : 52, Issue 8, August : 2023

technologies such as predictive analytics, fintech/blockchain, digital payments, IoT, AI, machine learning, BOTS, and robotic process automation. SBI is currently using an AI-based solution developed by Chapdex, the winning team from its first hackathon. According to Sudin Baraokar, SBI's head of the innovation team – "The solution essentially scans cameras installed in the branch and captures the customers' facial expressions and immediately reports whether the customer is happy or sad". The bank will now build a dashboard that will gauge the effectiveness of representatives or tellers based on customer feedback. Considering ethical considerations, SBI has sent a disclaimer to customers stating that this is for internal training and quality purposes only. This is a fair, transparent, and unbiased system to track customer and employee feedback.

From a customer chatbot perspective, SBI has launched SIA, an AI-powered chat assistant that instantly addresses customer inquiries. Payjo, a startup based in Silicon Valley and Bengaluru, developed SIA. According to Payjo, since its launch, the chatbot has responded to millions of queries from thousands of customers. The report stated that the applications of AI and ML in data analytics and customer service create the opportunity for exponentially more personalized and faster customer experiences, significantly better insights, and automation of back-end workflows. More than 36% of large financial institutions are already investing in these technologies and almost 70 % report that they are planning to in the near future.

#### AI in ICICI Bank

ICICI Bank, India's second-largest private sector bank, has deployed software robotics in over 200 business processes across various company functions. ICICI seems to refer to what is often referred to as "robotic software" – a kind of software generally focused on automating office work. According to bank key persons, it is the first bank in the country and among a few globally to deploy human actions to automate and perform repetitive, high volume, and timeconsuming. Software robots now perform more than 1 million banking transactions per working day, an ICICI spokesperson said. The software robots at ICICI Bank are configured to capture and interpret from the system, recognize patterns, and run business processes across multiple applications to execute activities such as data entry, validation, automated formatting, multi-format message creation, text mining, workflow acceleration, reconciliations and currency exchange rate processing among others. The bank has created an in-house software robotics platform, leveraging AI features such as facial and voice recognition, natural language processing, machine learning, and bots.

According to Chandra Kochhar, chief executive of ICICI Bank," I believe that the implementation of software robotics will herald a transformation change in the Indian banking industry. We plan to more than double the software robots to over 500 by the end of this fiscal". It should be noted that robotic software is by no means new and is a staple in large white-collar work environments – including many US banks.

We cannot judge ICICI's application one way or another from the outside; in February 2018, ICICI Bank launched its AI-based chatbot named iPal. The bank said that the chatbot has interacted with 3.1 million customers since its launch, answering about 6 million queries with a 90% accuracy rate. Services of the bank offered by iPal are divided into three categories,



Industrial Engineering Journal ISSN: 0970-2555

Volume : 52, Issue 8, August : 2023

most of which are mapped to the iMobile app.

# FINDINGS AND SUGGESTIONS

- Artificial intelligence helps in Digitalization and automation in back-office processing, Wealth Management, Customer quires, Account opening, etc.: in the banking sector
- AI in the Indian banking sector has faced various challenges like handling different regional languages, high costs, unemployment, the need for expert personnel, protest from existing employees, etc.
- State Bank of India, ICICI are leading banks doing AI in a better way
- SBI's AI and ML in data analytics and customer service create the opportunity for exponentially more personalized and faster customer experiences, significantly better insights, and automation of back-end workflows, the report stated
- Very recently, ICICI Bank launched its AI-based chatbot named iPal.
- All Indian Banks should use the most modern expertise, such as Artificial Intelligencebased technological applications, to provide customized services and products to customers and transactional monitoring.

#### CONCLUSION

Many banks are planning to deploy Artificial Intelligence services. Artificial Intelligence is driving the envelope of innovations and transforming how customers are assisted. Artificial Intelligence is working on providing personalized support, high-quality customer experience, speed and efficiency, and cost savings. Artificial Intelligence has the potential to revolutionize the Indian banking sector, enhancing customer experiences, optimizing processes, and improving risk management. As technology advances and regulatory frameworks mature, AI is expected to play an increasingly vital role in shaping the future of banking in India. In conclusion, while the integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in the banking sector brings about numerous benefits, several challenges must be addressed to ensure its successful and responsible implementation. Data security and privacy, regulatory compliance, skill gaps, bias and fairness in algorithms, as well as the need for ongoing investments, present significant hurdles. By proactively addressing these challenges, banks can harness the true potential of AI, enhance customer experiences, optimize operations, and pave the way for a technologically advanced and customer-centric banking landscape.

#### REFERENCES

- AM Rawani and MP Gupta "Role of information systems in banks: An empirical study in the Indian context", Vikalpa October 2002
- Bakkes, S., Spronck, P., & Ponsen, M. (2012). Player profiling: modeling player behavior using supervised learning techniques. IEEE Transactions on Computational Intelligence and AI in Games, 4(1), 1-14.
- Dr Munish Sabharwal, "The use of Artificial Intelligence-based technological applications by Indian Banks" International Journal of Artificial Intelligence and Agent Technology, February 2014



ISSN: 0970-2555

Volume : 52, Issue 8, August : 2023

- Durwin A S (2023), Impact on Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Gaming Technology, Journal of Harbin Engineering University, ISSN: 1006-7043, Vol.44 (7), 1352-1355, Link: https://harbinengineeringjournal.com/index.php/journal/article/view/604
- Justesen, N. A., Risi, S., & Togelius, J. (2017). Illuminating generalization in deep reinforcement learning through Proximal Policy Optimization. arXiv preprint arXiv:1707.02286.
- Krishnakumari, S., Subathra, C., & Arul, K. (2022). A descriptive study on the behavior of students in online classes during COVID-19 pandemic. In AIP Conference Proceedings (Vol. 2405). American Institute of Physics Inc. https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0073115
- Millington, I., & Funge, J. (2020). Artificial Intelligence and Games. CRC Press.
- Mittal and Dhingra, "Investment in Information technology and its impact on productivity and profitability of public sector banks in India" Productivity Journal National Productivity Council, New Delhi, 2007
- Mnih, V., Kavukcuoglu, K., Silver, D., et al. (2013). Playing Atari with Deep Reinforcement Learning. DeepMind Technologies.
- Stuart Russell, 2019, Human Compatible: Artificial Intelligence and the Problem of Control" Publisher: Viking
- Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig (1995), Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Pearson Publication
- Summerville, A., Mateas, M., & Jhala, A. (2016). Procedural content generation via machine learning (PCGML). IEEE Transactions on Games, 8(3), 227-240.
- Wu, Q., Wang, P., Shen, L., & Hoi, S. C. (2017). Mole: multi-objective label embedding for visual recognition. In Proceedings of the IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR), 4270-4278.
- Yannakakis, G. N., & Togelius, J. (2018). Artificial intelligence and games. Springer.